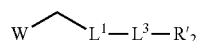
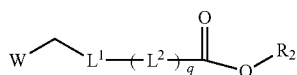


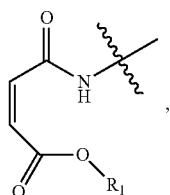
be equivalently replaced without departing from the spirit of the technical solution of the present application, and all of them shall be covered by the scope of the technical solutions that are sought to be protected by the present application.

1. A compound represented by Formula I or Formula I', a salt or a solvate thereof,



wherein:

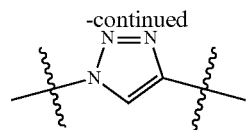
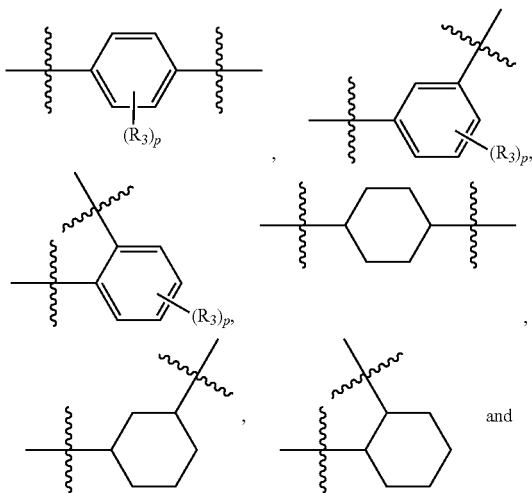
W is



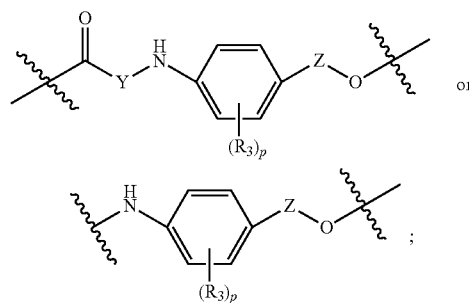
wherein the two carbonyl groups are located on the same side of the C=C double bond, which is a cis structure;

R¹ is a C₁₋₆ linear or branched alkyl, and R¹ is optionally mono- or multi-substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of: halogen and C₁₋₄ alkoxy;

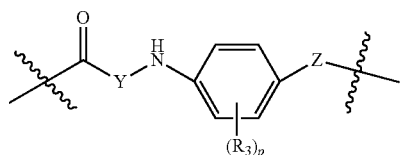
L¹ is selected from the group consisting of: $-(CH_2)_m-$, $-(CH_2)_tO-$, $-(CH_2CH_2O)_r-$, $-O-$, $-NH-$, $-S-$, $-S(O)-$, $-S(O)_2-$, $-NCH_3-$, $-NH(CH_2)_2NH-$, $-C(O)-$, $-(CH_2)_eC(O)NH-$, $(CH_2CH_2O)_f-(CH_2)_g-$, $-(CH_2)_hC(O)NH-CH[CH_2)_i-NHC(O)-(CH_2CH_2O)_j-(CH_2)_k-CH_3]-$,



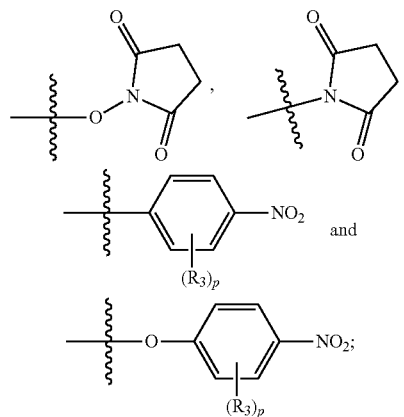
L² is



L³ is



R₂ is selected from the group consisting of:



R'₂ is halogen;

R₃ is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, methyl, ethyl, nitro, methoxy, and ethoxy;

q is 0 or 1;

m, r, t, e, f, g, h, i, j and k are each independently selected from the group consisting of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11;

each p is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

Y is an amino acid residue formed by a dipeptide selected from the group consisting of: Val-Cit, Val-Ala, Val-Lys, Val-Gly, Val-Thr, Val-Val, Val-Leu, Val-Ile, Val-Asn and Phe-Lys, wherein the N-terminus is connected to the carbonyl and the C-terminus is connected to the N atom;

Z is $-CH_2-$, $-CH(CH_3)-$ or $-C(CH_3)_2-$.